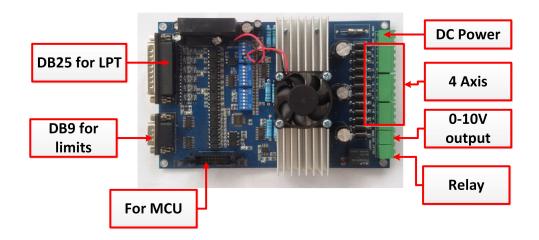


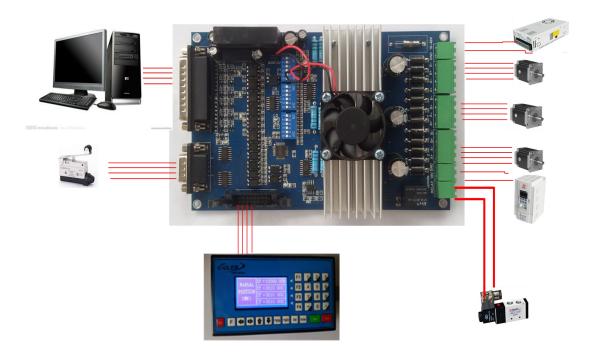
This document describes the basic functionality and the electrical specifications of the Three Axis TB6600 CNC Driver Board.

1. Hardware Features

- Supports MACH3, KCAM4, EMC2 etc…
- Can drive four channels 4.5A stepper motors, input voltage up to 18V 40V.
- Resolution 1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16 micro stepping output.
- 100% Full DC-DC high-speed optical isolation to protect the user's computer and equipment.
- Four channels of 0.4 4.5A adjustable output current for 2/4 phase bipolar stepper driver.
- Build with 1 ways relay output and 5 ways limit interface.
- Automatic idle-current reduction.

❖ Photo of 3-AXIS CNC Board



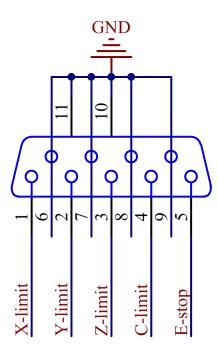


Pins define

LPT pins	Pin symbols	Functions
1	PWM	0-10V output control
2	STEPX	X axis pulse
3	DIRX	X axis direction
4	STEPY	Y axis pulse
5	DIRY	Y axis direction
6	STEPZ	Z axis pulse
7	DIRZ	Z axis direction
8	STEPC (NO USE)	C axis pulse

9	DIRC	C axis direction	
10	LIMIT-1	LPT input signal 1	
11	LIMIT-2	LPT input signal 2	
12	LIMIT-3	LPT input signal 3	
13	LIMIT-4	LPT input signal 4	
14	ENABLE_ALL	All axis enable input	
15	LIMIT-5	LPT input signal 5	
16		NO USE	
17	RELAY	Relay control	
18-25	GND	Common GND for PC	

❖ DB9 limits define



❖ Current Settings

current	0.4A	1.6A	2.6A	3.2A	3.8A	4.0A	4.3A	4.5A
1	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
2	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
3	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

❖ Micro steps settings

Micro steps	NC	1	1/2	1/2	1/4	1/8	1/16	NC
4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON

5	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
6	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON

Selecting and connecting stepper motors

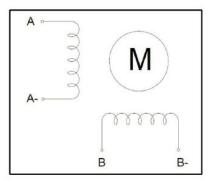
WARNING:INCORRECT WIRING OFSTEPPER MOTOR TO THE DRIVE BOARD CAN LEAD TO IMMEDIATE DAMAGE OF DRIVE BOARD--DO NOT CONNECT OR DISCONNECT MOTORS WHILE POWER IS ON.

- 4 Wire,6 Wire and 8 Wire stepper motor can be used with 4-axis CNC board.
- 4 Wire motors are recommended as they are true bipolar motors and easier to properly to connect to stepper motor driver.

It's critical to obtain a proper motor coil diagram of any motor you wish to utilize (making cross connections between the two coils will destroy the control circuitry).

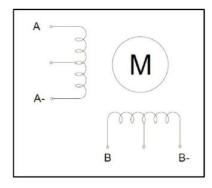
1.8 degree per step resolution is the industry standard for most automation grade stepper motors and is recommended for most applications.

■ 4 WIRE STEPPER DIAGRAM



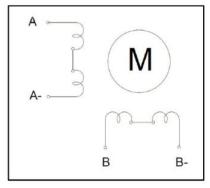
Each wire is connected to its corresponding terminal block location (i.e. A-wire is connected at A-location)

■ 6 WIRE STEPPER DIAGRAM



Center wire of each coil not connected(insulate termination)
Remaining wires are connected to their corresponding terminal block
location (i.e. A-wire is connected at A-location)

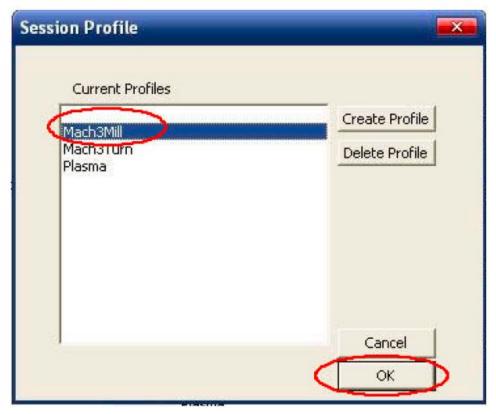
■ 8 WIRE STEPPER DIAGRAM



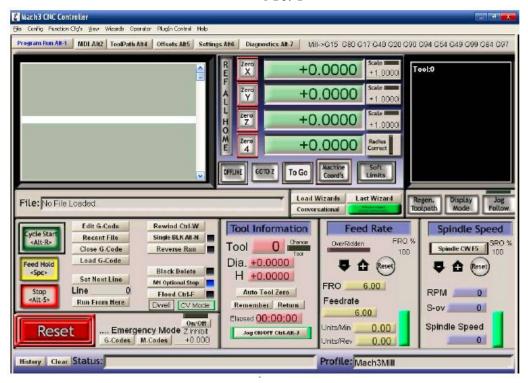
2 center wires of each coil connected(insulate connection) Remaining wires are connected to their corresponding terminal block location(i.e. A-wire is connected at A-location).

If using 6 or 8 wire motors, connected using series wiring method, reduce labeled amperage rating by 50% (i.e. A motor rated at 4 amps should thus be connected now rated at 2 amps).

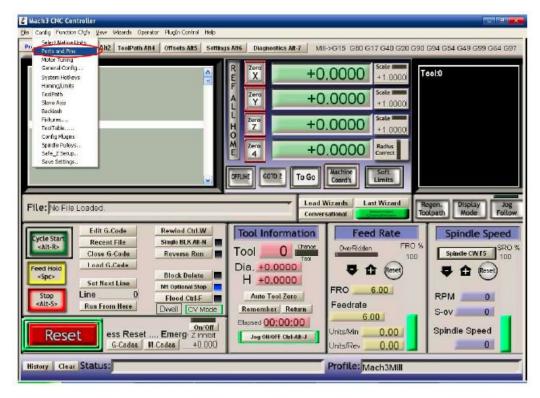
♦ How to use MACH software?



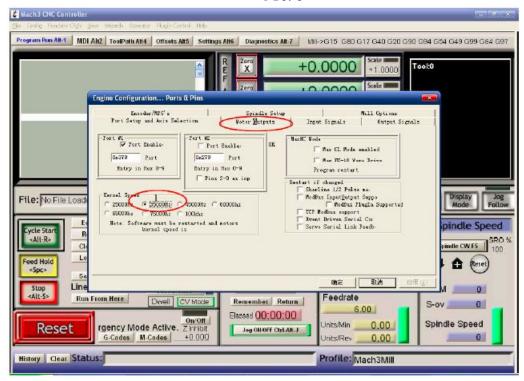
Pic. 1



Pic. 2



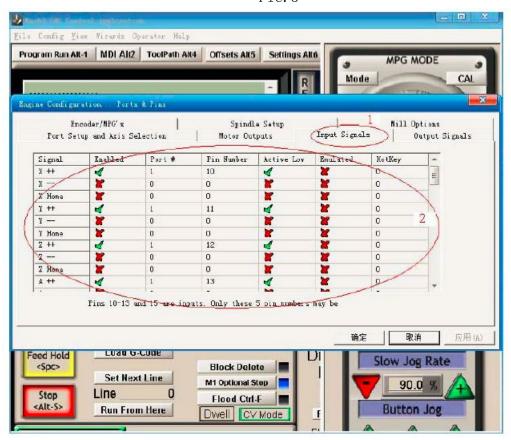
Pic. 3



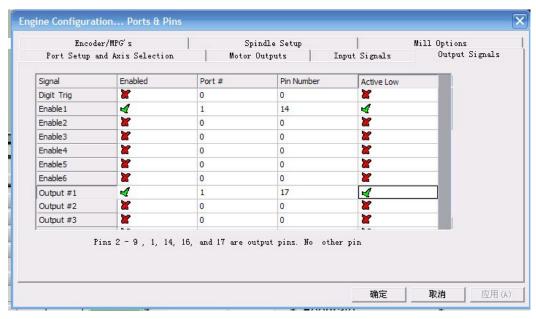
Pic. 4



Pic.5



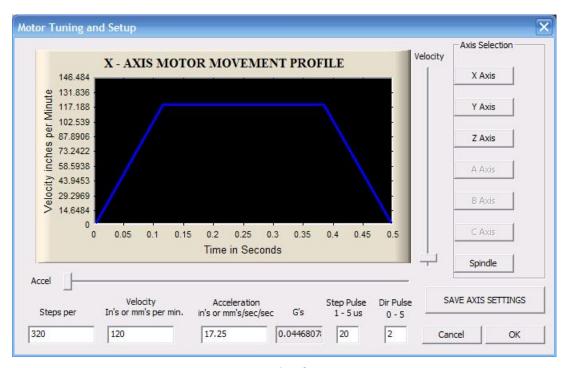
Pic.6



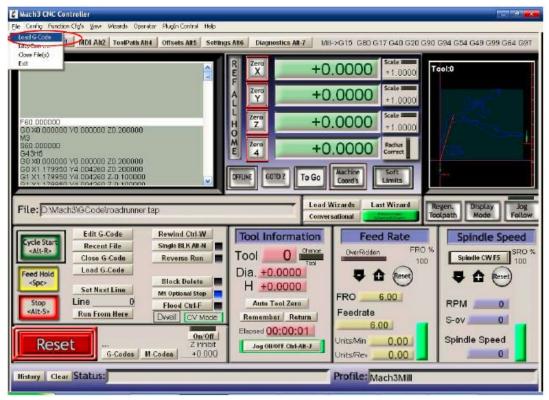
Pic. 7

Port Setup and Axis Selection Encoder/MPG's	Motor Outputs Spindle Setu		. Signals M	Output Signals ill Options
Relay Control Disable Spindle Rel Clockwise Output 1 Output Signal #'s Flood Mist Control Flood Output 4 Output 3 Output 3 Output 5ignal #'s ModBus Spindle - Use Step/Dir as well as the step of the ste	Motor Control Vuse Spindle Motor Outp Very PWM Control Step/Dir Moto PWMBase Freq. 50 Minimum PWM 0 % General Parameters CW Delay Spin UP 1 CCW Delay Spin UP 1 CCW Delay Spin UP 1 Immediate Relay off 1	Closed Lo P 0.25 Spindle S Seconds Seconds Seconds Seconds Seconds	lle Feedback in oop Spindle Con	s, Usually Off
ModBus Spindle - Use Step/Dir as v Enabled Reg 64 64 -	well Delay Spind DOWN 1 CCW Delay Spin DOWN 1	Seconds Seconds	Laser Mode.	fr

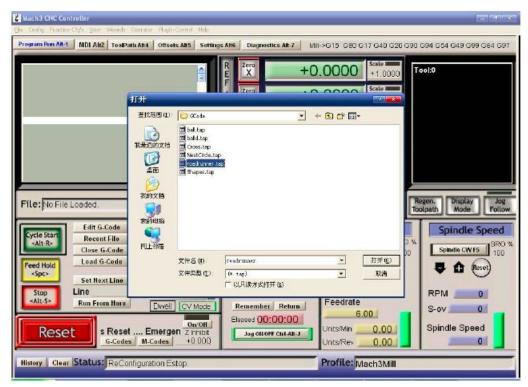
Pic.8



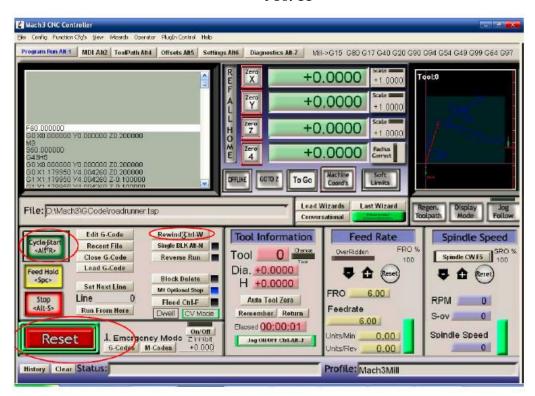
Pic.9



Pic. 10



Pic. 11



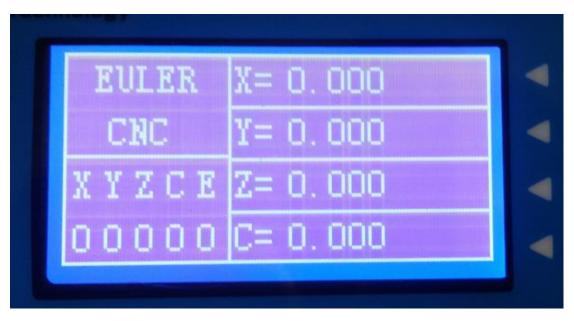
Pic. 12

2. Programming Features(Controller must be at hand)

- Integrated 32bit MCU.
- With 128*64 dot LCD.
- Record the mach3 pulses automatically.
- All of the parameters can be set by keyboard.
- With 11 programmable commands.
- Each program can be set as much as 95 lines.
- 2 programs can be saved.
- Each motor can be controlled independently or X Y&Z motors can be set as linear interpolation.
- Two running modes as relative motion and absolute motion.
- All motor can run manually or automatically.

MARKS: IN 3-AIXS DRIVER BOARD, THE C-AXIS IS NOT USED.

❖ Monitor interface



Button functions in the monitor interface

Button	Function introduction
1/X	Clear X-axis position as zero
2/Y	Clear Y-axis position as zero
3/Z	Clear Z-axis position as zero
6/C	Clear C-axis position as zero
-X	Set X-axis motor to go by anti-clockwise,the
	distance is set by manual position.

+X	Set X-axis motor to go by clockwise,the	
	distance is set by manual position.	
-Y	Set Y-axis motor to go by anti-clockwise,the	
	distance is set by manual position.	
+Y	Set Y-axis motor to go by clockwise,the	
	distance is set by manual position.	
-Z	Set Z-axis motor to go by anti-clockwise,the	
	distance is set by manual position.	
+Z	Set Z-axis motor to go by clockwise,the	
	distance is set by manual position.	
-C	Set C-axis motor to go by anti-clockwise,the	
	distance is set by manual position.	
+C	Set C-axis motor to go by clockwise,the	
	distance is set by manual position.	
PgUp	Set LCD to next function interface.	
PgDn	Set LCD to last function interface .	
Start	Start or restart the program if command has	
	been set as your need.	
Stop	Pause the procedure.	

Limits and Emergency status monitor interface:

Status	0	1
Function introduction	The sensor don't take effect,	The sensor take effect,the
	the motor can work.	motor can't work.

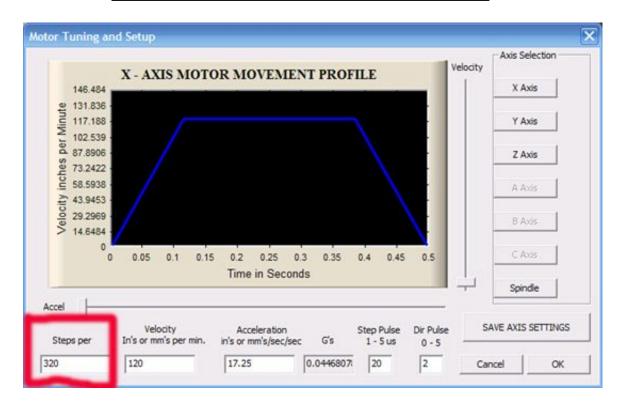
❖ The parameter relevant to step driver and step motor

The parameter $k(k = \frac{\text{numerator}}{\text{denominator}})$ is the ratio between the controller and objective distance.

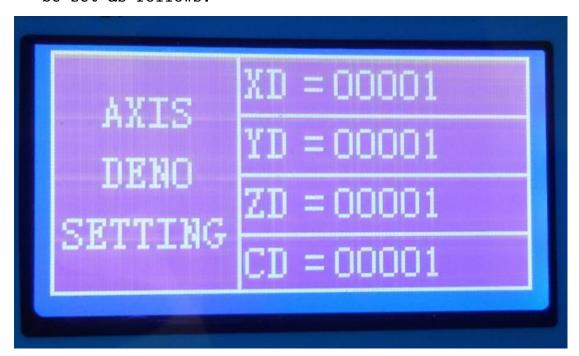
The numerator can be explicated as the number of pulses generated if the stepper motor completes a rotation. The denominator can be explicated as the moving distance when the stepper motor completes a full rotation. So, if stepper motor is 1.8° by one pulse, and the screw is 5mm, and the stepper motor diver has set as eight micro step, so the parameter can be set as

$$K = \frac{numerator}{deno\,\min ator} = \frac{(360/1.8)*8}{5} = 320, \text{ and it can be explained as 320 steps per millimeter.}$$

BECAREFUL: If mach3 pulses recorded, the parameter of K must be set equal to Steps Per as in mach3.



■ The parameter of numerator (NUME) and denominator (DENO) can be set as follows:

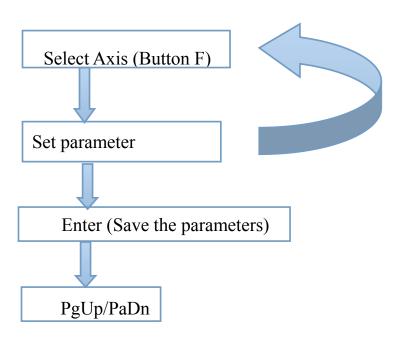


Button functions in the parameter interface:

Button	Function introduction
1	Number 1
2	Number 2

3	Number 3
4	Number 4
5	Number 5
6	Number 6
7	Number 7
8	Number 8
9	Number 9
0	Number 0
F	Select axis by looping.
Del	Clear to zero
Enter	Save the parameter
PgUp	Set LCD to next function interface.
PgDn	Set LCD to last function interface.

The parameter can be set as follows:



■ Start & Max speed settings:



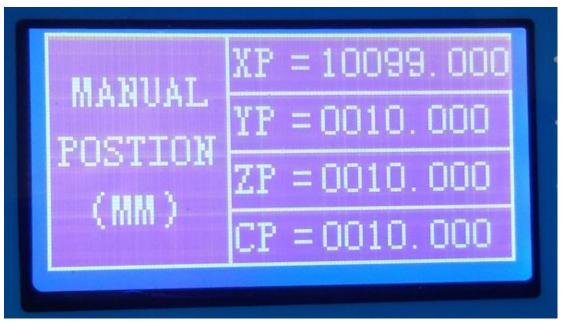


How to set the speed?

The start speed is the minimum speed and the max speed is the objective speed of the motor(the maximum number is 30Khz).the speed's unit is frequency,the relationship of unit millimeter and frequency can be set as follows:

Unit(mm)=unit(Hz)/K.

■ Manual position:



The manual position is the feed distance by manual in the monitor interface, and the maximum number is 9999.99.

Programming

The controller has a user program capacity of 95 lines. In this space, you can design one or more motion and machine control programs. More than 11 commands, or instructions, are available for this purpose the instructions as follows:

Instructions	Description		
RelMove	This command makes the motors run as		
	relative distance relative the position		
	current.		
AbsMove	This command makes the motors run as		
	absolute distance relative the origin		
	position.		
MotorRun	This command makes one motor feed to		
	the length at the speed.		
	The parameter as:		
	ld: which motor runs.(From 0 to 3)		
	Cw:clockwise or anti-clockwise running.		
	In Absolute move mode,it's no use.		
	D: feed distance as millimeter.		
	V: running speed as HZ		
WaitOk	Waiting one motor to stop. This command		
	will loop until the motor has stopped,then		
	the next instruction will be executed.		
	The parameter as:		
	ld:which motor will stop.(from 0 to 3)		

Delay	Wait Time, which causes your program to
	stop for a specified amount of time.
	The parameter as:
	T: the time will delay.the unit is 100ms.
AbsJump	This command makes the program jump
	to a particular line without judgement.
	Be careful if you use this command,it
	will loop without stop.
ZeroAxis	Clear the motor position to zero.
	Parameter as:
	Id:which motor's position will be
	cleared.(from 0 to 3)
LoopCmd	Loop the program from particular line to
	current line N times.
	Parameter as:
	L: particular line starting loop.
	N: looping times
SmothLine	The motors run by linear interpolation to
	the objective position.
	Parameter as:
	X: X-axis objective position.
	Y:Y-axis objective position
	Z:Z-axis objective position
	V:speed by unit as HZ
End	End the program.

Button functions in the programming interface :

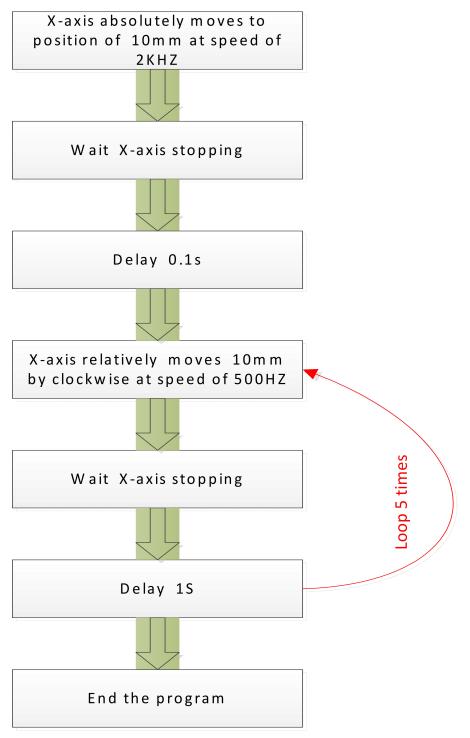
Button	Function introduction
1	Number 1
2	Number 2
3	Number 3
4	Number 4
5	Number 5
6	Number 6
7	Number 7
8	Number 8
9	Number 9
0	Number 0
	Dot
F	Select parameter
Del	Clear to zero

Enter	Start programming	
PgUp	Next command to program	
PgDn	Last command to program	
Esc	End Programming interface, then other interface	
	can be shown.	
F1	Add the current command line to the program	
	(Remarks: Press the button must be	
	about 500ms)	
F2	Modify the current command line	
	(Remarks: Press the button must be	
	about 500ms)	
F3	Delete the current command line	
	(Remarks: Press the button must be	
	about 500ms)	
F4	Insert the current command to the particular	
	line	
	(Remarks: Press the button must be	
	about 500ms)	

How to program?



Examples1:

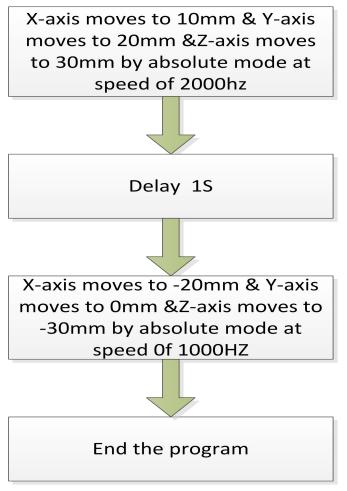


Commands as following:

Line number	Command name	parameters
00	AbsMove	Li=00
01	MotorRun	Li=01
		Id=0
		Cw=0
		D=10
		V=2000
		(Remarks: Cw has no

		function in absolute mode)
02	WaitOk	Li=02
		Id=0
03	Delay	Li=03
		T=10
04	RelMove	Li=04
05	MotorRun	Li=05
		Id=0
		Cw=1
		D=10
		V=500
		(Remarks: Cw must be set
		as your needs in relative
		move mode)
06	WaitOk	Li=06
		Id=0
07	Delay	Li=07
		T=1
08	LoopCmd	Li=08
		L=05
		N=5
09	End	Li=09

Examples2:



Line number	Command name	parameters
00	AbsMove	Li=00
01	SmothLine	Li=01
		X=10
		Y=20
		Z=30
		V=2000
02	Delay	Li=02
		T=10
03	SmothLine	Li=03
		X=-20
		Y=0
		Z=-30
		V=1000
04	End	Li=04

■ How to manage the program file?

In the program management interface, the program can be saved, opened and deleted as need. The

parameter of N is the file number which file will be managed, from 0 to 1.

Button functions in the programming interface:

Button	Function introduction
1	Number 1
0	Number 0
PgUp	Set LCD to the next function interface .
PgDn	Set LCD to the last function interface .
F1	Open file of N
	(Remarks: Press the button must be
	about 500ms)
F2	Save program to address of N
F3	Delete the current program.
	(Remarks: Press the button must be
	about 500ms)
F4	Insert the current command to the particular
	line
	(Remarks: Press the button must be
	about 500ms)